

**X1:** Show no work.

**a** A multivariate polynomial, where each monomial has the same degree, is **circle**  
 monogamous      atrocious      gregarious  
 monic      expialadocious      homogeneous  
 manic      unitary      Unitarian      utilitarian

**b** DE  $h'' - 2h' + 10h = 0$ , has fund.-set of solns  $\{e^{\alpha t}, e^{\beta t}\}$ , for complex numbers  $\alpha =$  ..... and  $\beta =$  .....

Alternatively, we can write our fund.-set as

$$e^{Jt} \cdot \cos(Kt) \quad \text{and} \quad e^{Jt} \cdot \sin(Kt),$$

for *real* numbers  $J =$  ..... and  $K =$  .....

**c** A soln to  $[f'' - 3f'](x) = 14 - 6x$  is **polynomial**  $f(x) =$  ..... Using parameters  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ , then, the *general* solution to  $[h'' - 3h'](x) = 14 - 6x$  is

$$h_{\alpha, \beta}(x) =$$
 .....

And the  $h$  with  $h(0) = 0$  and  $h'(0) = 0$

is  $h(x) =$  ..... .

**d** DE  $[(2x^2 + y) \cdot \frac{dy}{dx}] - 2xy = 0$  is not, alas, *exact*. Happily, multiplying both sides by (non-constant) fnc  $V(y) =$  ..... gives a *new* DE which is exact.

Solving the exact-DE, every soln  $y = y(x)$  satisfies  $F(x, y(x)) = \alpha$  for some constant  $\alpha$ , where

$$F(x, y) =$$
 .....

**e** [Here,  $t > 0$ .] Acting on  $y = y(t)$ , DiffOp  $E(y) := t^2 y'' - t y' + y$  is linear. Fnc  $Y(t) := t$  satisfies  $E(Y) = 0$ . Then ROO gives us a  $Z(t) =$  .....

satisfying  $E(Z) = 0$  and  $Z$  is L.I of  $Y$ .

ROO also produces a function

**X2:** Show no work.

A tank initially holds 60gal of  $2 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{gal}}$  brine. Pipe-1 feeds the tank, at rate  $4 \frac{\text{gal}}{\text{min}}$ , with brine of time-varying salinity  $5^t \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{gal}}$ . Pipe-2 feeds the tank at  $1 \frac{\text{gal}}{\text{min}}$ , brine of salinity  $t^3 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{gal}}$ . The tank discharges brine at rate  $9 \frac{\text{gal}}{\text{min}}$ . Until the tank empties, the tank holds  $W(t) =$  ..... gal; it empties in ..... min.

Finally,  $y(t)$ , the number of pounds of salt in the tank at time  $t$ , satisfies FOLDE  $\frac{dy}{dt} + F(t) \cdot y = H(t)$ , where  $F(t) =$  .....

$$\text{and } H(t) =$$
 .....

End of X-Class

**X1:** \_\_\_\_\_ 175pts

**X2:** \_\_\_\_\_ 60pts

**Total:** \_\_\_\_\_ 235pts

Please PRINT your **name** and **ordinal**. Ta:

Ord:

..... **HONOR CODE:** "I have neither requested nor received help on this exam other than from my professor."

Signature: .....