

**Hello.** Essays violate the CHECKLIST at *Grade Peril!* Exam is due **5PM, Tuesday, 10Oct2006**, slid under LIT402. Please email me afterwards.

**W1:** Short answer: Show no work. Write **DNE** in a blank if the described object does not exist or if the indicated operation cannot be performed.

**a** The unique integer  $k \in (-90..90]$  with

$$\begin{aligned} k &\equiv_4 27, \\ k &\equiv_9 19, \\ k &\equiv_5 8, \quad \text{is } k = \end{aligned}$$

An explicit ring-iso  $\mathbb{Z}_4 \times \mathbb{Z}_9 \times \mathbb{Z}_5 \hookrightarrow \mathbb{Z}_{180}$  is

$$(x, y, z) \mapsto \langle 45Ax + 20By + 36Cz \rangle_{180}, \quad \text{where}$$

$$A = \in [0..4), B = \in [0..9), C = \in [0..5).$$

**b** The last two digits of  $K := 19^{7^{21^{57}}}$  are

**c** Writing  $100!$  in decimal, it ends (on the right) with zeros.

**d**  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \mu(n!) =$

*Essay questions: Write in complete sentences and also fill-in the blanks. Each essay starts a new page.*

**W2:** Consider the inequalities

$$\frac{B}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}+n}} \cdot 4^n \stackrel{1*}{\geq} \binom{2n}{n} \stackrel{2*}{\geq} \frac{A}{\sqrt{n}} \cdot 4^n.$$

Setting  $B := 1$  and  $A := \frac{1}{2}$ , give induction proofs that (1\*) and (2\*) hold for all posints  $n$ . (Can you improve the result?)

**W3:** [Möbius] Let  $\text{cis}(\theta)$  be  $\cos(\theta) + i\sin(\theta)$ , the complex number  $e^{i\theta}$ . In  $\mathbb{C}$ , the  $N^{\text{th}}$ -roots of unity are  $\omega_j := \text{cis}(j \cdot \frac{2\pi}{N})$ , for  $j = 1, 2, \dots, N$ .

An  $N^{\text{th}}$ -root  $\omega$  is **primitive** if, for all  $k < N$ , this  $\omega$  is *not* a  $k^{\text{th}}$ -root of unity. Use  $V_N$  for the set of primitive  $N^{\text{th}}$ -roots. **i** Prove that  $|V_N| = \varphi(N)$ .

**ii** Define a complex poly

$$\mathbf{C}_N(z) := \prod_{\omega \in V_N} [z - \omega].$$

Prove that each coeff of  $\mathbf{C}_N$  is real. [Eg:  $\mathbf{C}_1(z) = z - 1$ .  $\mathbf{C}_2(z) = z + 1$ .  $\mathbf{C}_3(z) = z^2 + z + 1$ .]

**iii** Let  $F_N(z) := z^N - 1$ . Prove  $F_N = \prod_{d \mid N} \mathbf{C}_d$ , where the product is taken over all positive divisors of  $N$ . Find a way to use the *Möbius inversion formula* to write

$$\dagger: \quad \mathbf{C}_N(z) = \prod_{d \mid N} \left[ \begin{array}{c} \text{Something involving} \\ N, d \text{ and } F \end{array} \right]$$

in terms of the Möbius  $\mu$  fnc. Use this to show that  $\mathbf{C}_N$  is an *intpoly*!

Use your formula to write  $\mathbf{C}_{24}(z)$  in std. form. (What degree do we expect it to have?)

For posint  $L$ , write  $\mathbf{C}_{3^L}(z)$  in std. form.

**W4:** Let  $p_n$  denote the  $n^{\text{th}}$ -prime. Use Chebyshev's Thm (5.1 on P.75 of Shoup) to prove that there exists a constant  $K \geq 1$  so that

$$\forall n \in [2.. \infty): \quad p_n \leq K \cdot [n \cdot \log(n)].$$

[Hint: What is  $\pi(p_n)$ ?] Can you prove a stronger result? (We haven't proved PNT, so we don't have that.)

End of Home-W

**W1:** 80pts

**W2:** 85pts

**W3:** 85pts

**W4:** 85pts

**Total:** 335pts

**HONOR CODE:** "I have neither requested nor received help on this exam other than from my team-mates and my professor (or his colleague)." *Name/Signature/Ord*

Ord:

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