

Sets and Logic  
MHF3202 8768

Home-W

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Touch: 6May2016

Due **BoC, Mon, 06Feb2012**, Please *fill-in* every *blank* on this sheet. Please write **DNE** in a blank if the described object does not exist or if the indicated operation cannot be performed.

*For the two essay questions, carefully TYPE triple-spaced, grammatical, solutions. I suggest L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X. Essays violate the CHECKLIST at Grade Peril...*

**W1:** Let  $L(k) := [5^{[2k]}] - 1$ . By induction on  $k$ , prove that  $\forall k \in \mathbb{N}: L(k) \vdash 3$ .

**W2:** Interval-of-integers  $\mathbf{J} := [101..200]$  has 99 elements. A subset  $S \subset \mathbf{J}$  is **Big** if  $|S| = 51$ . Subset  $S \subset \mathbf{J}$  is **Perfect** if there exist *distinct* members  $x, y \in S$  st.  $x + y = 300$ .

Prove that **Big**  $\Rightarrow$  **Perfect**. [Hint: PHP. Carefully specify what your pigeon-holes are.]

**W3:** *Henceforth, show no work. Simply fill-in each blank on the problem-sheet.*

**a** Define  $G: [1..12] \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$  where  $G(n)$  is the number of letters in the  $n^{\text{th}}$  Gregorian month. So  $G(2) = 8$ , since the 2<sup>nd</sup> month is "February". The only fixed-point of  $G$  is           . The set of posints  $k$  where  $G^{\circ k}(12) = G^{\circ k}(7)$  is           .

**b** **LBolt:**  $\text{Gcd}(70, 42) = \text{          } \cdot 70 + \text{          } \cdot 42$ .  
So (LBolt again)  $G := \text{Gcd}(70, 42, 30) = \text{          }$  and  $\text{          } \cdot 70 + \text{          } \cdot 42 + \text{          } \cdot 30 = G$ .

**c** As polynomials in  $\Gamma := \mathbb{Z}_{11}[x]$ , let  
 $B(x) := x^4 - 4x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x - 2$ ;  
 $C(x) := 2x^3 - 5x + 5$ .

Write t.fol polys, using coeffs in  $[-5..5]$ ; use  $\equiv$  for equality in  $\mathbb{Z}_{11}$  and in  $\Gamma$ . Compute quotient and remainder polys,  
 $q(x) \equiv \text{          }$  &  $r(x) \equiv \text{          }$ ,  
with  $B \equiv [q \cdot C] + r$  and  $\text{Deg}(r) < \text{Deg}(C)$ .

Let  $D := \text{Gcd}(B, C)$ . **Monic**  $D(x) \equiv \text{          }$ .

Compute polys  $S(x) \equiv \text{          }$ ,

$T(x) \equiv \text{          }$  st.  $[S \cdot B] + [T \cdot C] \equiv D$ .

**d**  $\forall x, z \in \mathbb{Z}$  with  $x < z$ ,  $\exists y \in \mathbb{Z}$  st.:  $x < y < z$ .  $T$   $F$   
 $\forall x, z \in \mathbb{Q}$  with  $x \neq z$ ,  $\exists y \in \mathbb{R}$  st.:  $x < y < z$ .  $T$   $F$   
For all sets  $\Omega$ , there exists a fnc  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \Omega$ .  $T$   $F$

End of Home-W

**W1:** \_\_\_\_\_ 65pts

**W2:** \_\_\_\_\_ 65pts

**W3:** \_\_\_\_\_ 120pts

**Total:** \_\_\_\_\_ 250pts

**HONOR CODE:** "I have neither requested nor received help on this exam other than from my team-mates and my professor (or his colleague)." *Name/Signature/Ord*

Ord: \_\_\_\_\_

Ord: \_\_\_\_\_

Ord: \_\_\_\_\_