



Staple!

Ord: \_\_\_\_\_

e

Degree- $N$  polynomial  $y = y(t)$  satisfies

$$\dagger: \quad 4y^2 - t^9 y' = 15t^9 + 4t^2.$$

Thus  $N = \dots$ . [Hint: Don't compute  $y$ ; just the polynomial's degree.]

f

DiffOperators  $\mathbf{P}, \mathbf{Q}, \mathbf{R}, \mathbf{S}$  are defined as

$$\mathbf{P}(f) := f(3) \cdot f', \quad \mathbf{Q}(f) := \cos(3) \cdot f^{(3)},$$

$$\mathbf{R}(f) := [\cos(3) \cdot f] + f'', \quad \mathbf{S}(f) := \cos(3) + [3f'].$$

Then ...  $\mathbf{P}$  is linear: T F.  $\mathbf{Q}$  is linear: T F.  
 $\mathbf{R}$  is linear: T F.  $\mathbf{S}$  is linear: T F.

g

Write  $\cos(-2i)$ , which is real, ITOF  $\exp()$  and add/sub/mul/div:  $\cos(-2i) = \dots$

And  $\cos(-2i)$  lies in circle the correct interval

$$(-\infty, -\frac{1}{5}] \quad (-\frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{5}] \quad (\frac{1}{5}, 2] \quad (2, 5] \quad (5, 15] \quad (15, 45] \quad (45, \infty)$$

End of S-Class

S1: Show no work.

a

Prof. King wears bifocals, and cannot read small handwriting. Circle one:  
 True! Yes! Who??

b

A soln to  $[h'' - 3h'](x) = 14 - 6x$  is polynomial  $h(x) = \dots$ . Using parameters  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ , then, the general solution to  $[h'' - 3h'](x) = 14 - 6x$  is

$$h_{\alpha, \beta}(x) = \dots$$

And the  $h$  with  $h(0) = 0$  and  $h'(0) = 0$  is  $h(x) = \dots$

c

The simplest soln to  $y'' + 2y' + y = [t^2 + 1]/e^t$  is  $y(t) = \dots$

d

Fnc  $y_\beta(t) := \dots$  is the general soln to  $\frac{dy}{dt} = 8t^3 \cdot [y - 5]$ . [SoV]

The particular  $y()$  with  $y(0) = 8$  is  $y(t) := \dots$ . And this

function has  $y(1) = \dots$

S1: \_\_\_\_\_ 125pts

S2: \_\_\_\_\_ 60pts

Total: \_\_\_\_\_ 185pts

S2: Show no work.