

**Welcome.** Write **DNE** in a blank if the described object does not exist or if the indicated operation cannot be performed. **Write expressions unambiguously** e.g, “ $1/a + b$ ” should be bracketed either  $[1/a] + b$  or  $1/[a + b]$ . (Be careful with negative signs!)

Do **not** approx.: If your result is “ $\sin(\sqrt{\pi})$ ” then write that rather than  $.9797\dots$ .

Use “ $f(x)$  notation” when writing fncs; in particular, for trig and log fncs. E.g, write “ $\sin(x)$ ” rather than the horrible  $\sin x$  or  $[\sin x]$ .

**S1:** Show no work.

**a** Prof. King wears bifocals, and cannot read small handwriting.  one:  
True! Yes! Who??

**b** Fnc  $y_\alpha(t) :=$   is the gen. soln to  $\frac{dy}{dt} = 4y^2t$ .

[Hint: SoV.] The fnc satisfying init.-cond.  $y_\alpha(1) = 1/5$  has  $\alpha =$

**c** Function  $h()$  satisfies  $2h'' + h' - 6h = 0$ , and initial conditions  $h(0) = 5$  and  $h'(0) = -3$ . So

$$h(t) = \alpha e^{At} + \beta e^{Bt}, \text{ for numbers}$$

$$\alpha = \text{}, A = \text{}, \beta = \text{}, B = \text{}.$$

**d** DE  $[\mathcal{N}(x, y) \cdot \frac{dy}{dx}] + \mathcal{M}(x, y) = 0$  is *exact*, where

$$\mathcal{N}(x, y) := [x^2 - 7] \quad \text{and} \quad \mathcal{M}(x, y) := 2xy + 3e^{3x}.$$

Its soln  $y = y(x)$  satisfies  $\mathbf{F}(x, y(x)) = \text{Const}$ , where  $\mathbf{F}(x, y) =$

**e** DE  $[xe^y \cdot \frac{dy}{dx}] + [8x^4 + 4e^y] = 0$  is not, alas, *exact*. Happily, multiplying both sides by (non-constant) fnc

$$W(x) = \text{}$$

gives a *new* DE which is exact. **Did you Check?**

**f** Degree- $N$  polynomial  $y = y(t)$  satisfies

$$\dagger: \quad 4y^2 - t^9 y' = 15t^9 + 4t^2.$$

Thus  $N =$  . [Hint: Don't compute  $y$ ; just the polynomial's degree.]

**OYOP:** In grammatical English *sentences*, write your essay on every *third* line (usually), so that I can easily write between the lines.

**S2:** Showing all the steps in the FOLDE algorithm, compute the general solution  $y = y(x)$  to

$$* \quad \frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{y}{x} = 3x^3 + x \cdot \sin(2x). \quad [Only \ consider \ x > 0.]$$

Also write it here, as

$$y_\alpha(x) = \text{}$$

End of S-Class

**S1:**  110pts

**S2:**  75pts

**Total:**  185pts