

**E4:** Fill-in each blank, and  the appropriate letter for True/False questions. Show no work.

**a** With  $f(t) := \int_{\sin(t^3)}^{\exp(5t)} \cos(\sin(x)) dx$ , then  $f'(t)$  equals

Simplified,  $f'(0) =$

[Hint: Chain rule and Fund. Thm of Calculus.]

**b** That  $1/5$  is a *Lebesgue number* of open-cover  $\mathcal{C}$  of  $(X, d)$ , means that

Patches  $\mathcal{C} := \{(-\infty, 28], [17, +\infty)\}$  cover  $\mathbb{R}$ . Thus  $\text{MaxLebesgueNumber}(\mathcal{C}) =$

**c** Every compact MS is complete.

Suppose compact MS  $Y$  is a subspace of MS  $X$ . Then  $Y$  is automatically  $X$ -closed.

**d**  $K := (4, 7]$  is a  $\mathcal{G}_\delta$ -set because  $K$  can be written  
. And  $K$  is  $\mathcal{F}_\sigma$  since  $K =$

**e** P.L fncs  $g_n$  converge ptwise, but not uniformly, to  $-Id$  where the cutpoint and height tuples of  $g_n$  are

$$\vec{p} := (2, 3, \dots, 5)$$

$$\text{and } \vec{h} := (-2, -3, \dots, -5).$$

P.L fncs  $f_n$  converge ptwise, but not uniformly, to  $x \mapsto 2x$  where the cutpoint and height tuples of  $f_n$  are

$$\vec{p} := (1, 2, \dots, 4)$$

$$\text{and } \vec{h} := (2, \dots, 8 + \frac{1}{n}).$$

*Essay question, triple-spaced:*

**E5:** Let  $\mathbf{J}$  be the interval  $(2, 6)$ . Suppose functions  $H_n \xrightarrow{\text{uniformly}} f$ , where  $f, H_n: \mathbf{J} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ . If each  $H_n$  is uniformly-cts, prove that  $f$  is **uniformly-cts**.

End of Class-E

**E4:** \_\_\_\_\_ 100pts

Poorly stapled, **E5:** \_\_\_\_\_ 45pts

or missing \_\_\_\_\_ -10pts

name or honor sig: \_\_\_\_\_ -15pts

Not triple-spaced: \_\_\_\_\_ -15pts

**Total:** \_\_\_\_\_ 145pts

Please PRINT your name and ordinal. Ta:

Ord: \_\_\_\_\_

**HONOR CODE:** *"I have neither requested nor received help on this exam other than from my professor."*

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_