



Staple!

Linear Algebra  
MAS4105 6137

Class-C

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Tuesday, 09Feb2016

**C1:** Show no work. Write **DNE** if the object does not exist or the operation cannot be performed. NB: **DNE**  $\neq \{\} \neq 0$ . Symbol  $B^t$  means the transpose of matrix  $B$ .

**a** In  $\mathbb{R}^3$ , let  $u := (8, 5, -1)$ ,  $v := (1, 0, -4)$  and  $w := (13, 10, 10)$ .  Then  $w \in \text{Line}(u, v)$ :   $T$   $F$   
Then  $w \in \text{Span}(u, v)$ :   $T$   $F$   
Then  $\text{Span}(u, v, w) = \mathbb{R}^3$ :   $T$   $F$

**b** VS  $V := \text{MAT}_{4 \times 4}(\mathbb{R})$  is a 16-dim' al  $\mathbb{R}$ -VS. Define lin.trn  $D: V \rightarrow V$  by  $D(M) := M + M^t$ . Then Nullity( $D$ ) = . And Rank( $D$ ) = .

The trn  $U: V \rightarrow V$  by  $U(M) := M^2$  is:  Circle best  
Linear  Affine (but not linear)  Not-affine

**c** In each blank below, write either “there exist” or “for all”,  one of the underlined scalar-pairs, and  a phrase.

Assertion  $\text{Span}(v, w) \supset \text{Span}(x, y)$  means:  
 scalars  $a, b$  |  $c, d$  (st. | we have that | and)  
 scalars  $a, b$  |  $c, d$  (st. | we have that)  
  $av + bw = cx + dy$ .

**d** Here, let  $AT$  mean “Always True”,  $AF$  mean “Always False” and  $Nei$  mean “Neither always true nor always false”. Below,  $v, w, x$  repr. *distinct, non-zero* vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^4$ , a  $\mathbb{R}$ -VS. Please  the correct response:

**y1** If  $x \notin \text{Span}\{v, w\}$  then  $\{v, w, x\}$  is linearly independent.   $AT$    $AF$    $Nei$

**y2** Collection  $\{0, x\}$  is linearly-independent.   $AT$    $AF$    $Nei$

**y3**  $\text{Span}\{v, w, x, v + 2w + 3x\}$  is all of  $\mathbb{R}^4$ .   $AT$    $AF$    $Nei$

**y4** If none of  $v, w, x$  is a multiple of the other vectors, then  $\{v, w, x\}$  is linearly independent.   $AT$    $AF$    $Nei$

**y5** For  $2 \times 2$  matrices:  $\text{Det}(B + A) = \text{Det}(B) + \text{Det}(A)$ .   $AT$    $AF$    $Nei$

Ord:   Let  $R_\theta$  be the std. rotation [by  $\theta$ ] matrix. With

$$C := \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{3} & -1 \\ 1 & \sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad B := \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} \\ \sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix},$$

the product  $[CB]^{35} = \alpha \cdot R_\theta$ , with  $\alpha = \dots \in \mathbb{R}_+$  and  $\theta = \dots \in (-180^\circ, 180^\circ]$ . [Hint: Don't multiply matrices. Geometrically,  $C$  and  $B$  represent what linear-trns?]

**C3:** OYOP: Essay: *Write on every **third** line, so that I can easily write between the lines.*

**i** On your essay-paper, write “A  $5 \times 7$  matrix  $M$  is in Reduced Row-Echelon Form *IFF*...” and complete the paragraph (with one or more sentences) to give a formal defn of RREF.

**ii** Give a careful proof of the...

**1: RREF Uniqueness Theorem.** Consider two  $5 \times 7$  RREF matrices  $A$  and  $B$ . If  $A$  is row-equivalent to  $B$ , then  $A = B$ .  $\diamond$

Start your argument with “Proof of the RREF Uniqueness Thm” and end it with “QED”.

End of Class-C

**C1:** \_\_\_\_\_ 145pts

**C3:** \_\_\_\_\_ 65pts

**Total:** \_\_\_\_\_ 210pts

Please PRINT your name and ordinal. Ta:

Ord:

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**HONOR CODE:** “I have neither requested nor received help on this exam other than from my professor.”

Signature:

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