

**Welcome.** Write DNE in a blank if the described object does not exist or if the indicated operation cannot be performed.

Use  $\mathcal{S}(N, K)$  for 2Stirling #s, and use  $\mathbf{c}(N, K)$  for the signless-1Stirling #s.

**C1:** Short answer. Show no work.

**a** A *minimum* requirement for an LOR (letter-of-recommendation) from Prof. K is two courses.  Circle:

Yes

True

Darn tootin'!

End of Class-C

C1: \_\_\_\_\_ 155pts

C2: \_\_\_\_\_ 70pts

Total: \_\_\_\_\_ 225pts

**b** Written with  $\sum$  notation, the number of derangements of  $[1..17]$  is: \_\_\_\_\_

**c** Let  $\mathbb{D}_N$  be the set of derangements in  $\mathbb{S}_N$ . Then  $|\mathbb{D}_4| =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
The set of *good*  $k$ , st.  $\mathbb{D}_k$  has both odd perms and even perms, is \_\_\_\_\_

**HONOR CODE:** *"I have neither requested nor received help on this exam other than from my professor (or his colleague)."*  
Name/Signature/Ord: \_\_\_\_\_

Ord: \_\_\_\_\_

**d** There are \_\_\_\_\_ digraphs on vertex-set  $[1..N]$ .  
The number of *tournaments* (complete digraphs) on  $[1..N]$  is \_\_\_\_\_

**e** For posint  $N$ , let  $G_N$  be  $K_N$  (complete graph) but with one edge removed (so  $G_N$  has  $N$  vertices). Its chromatic polynomial is  $\mathcal{P}_{G_N}(x) =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
[You may use rising/falling factorial in your answer, if you wish.]

In particular,  $\mathcal{P}_{G_4}(x) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

**C2:** OYOP: *In grammatical English sentences, write your essay on every third line (usually), so that I can easily write between the lines.* Please number the pages "1 of 57", "2 of 57" ... (or "1/57", "2/57"...) I suggest you put your name on each sheet.